Financial Statements of

FOCUS ON THE FAMILY (CANADA) ASSOCIATION

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon Year ended September 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Focus on the Family (Canada) Association

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Focus on the Family (Canada) Association (the "Association"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at September 30, 2023
- the statements of operations for the year then ended
- the statements of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statements of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as at September 30, 2023 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *"Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements"* section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosure made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a matter that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Societies Act (British Columbia), we report that, in our opinion, the accounting policies applied in preparing and presenting financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding period.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Langley, Canada December 1, 2023

Statement of Financial Position

September 30, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

| | | 2023 | | 2022 |
|---|----|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 3,278,376 | \$ | 2,845,225 |
| Investments at fair value (note 2) | | 3,307,086 | | 6,461,542 |
| Accounts receivable | | 114,081 | | 76,591 |
| Inventories Bronaid expenses and denosite | | 174,621 202,506 | | 209,647 224,242 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits | | | | |
| | | 7,076,670 | | 9,817,247 |
| Capital assets (note 3) | | 19,549,560 | | 15,030,174 |
| Cash surrender value of life insurance (note 4) | | 9,345 | | 8,872 |
| | | -, | | - , - |
| | \$ | 26,635,575 | \$ | 24,856,293 |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5) | \$ | 612,377 | \$ | 705,006 |
| Deferred revenue | Ψ | 550,989 | Ψ | 508,391 |
| Loan (note 6) | | 1,966,666 | | - |
| Deferred contributions (note 7) | | 1,572,086 | | 2,239,706 |
| | | 4,702,118 | | 3,453,103 |
| Deferred capital contributions (note 8) | | 10,015,908 | | 9,820,099 |
| | | 14,718,026 | | 13,273,202 |
| | | | | |
| Net assets: | | 2 0 7 9 2 6 4 | | 4 011 169 |
| Unrestricted Invested in capital assets (note 9) | | 2,078,364 7,566,986 | | 4,011,168 5,374,724 |
| Internally restricted (note 10) | | 2,272,199 | | 2,197,199 |
| | | 11,917,549 | | 11,583,091 |
| | | | | |
| | \$ | 26,635,575 | \$ | 24,856,293 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

/ Director

~ Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended September 30, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Revenue: | | |
| Contributions | \$ 9,145,520 | \$ 9,552,604 |
| Sales, event registration fees and subscriptions | 2,121,342 | 2,127,069 |
| Gain (loss) on investments | 328,865 | (196,893) |
| Other income | 156,202 | 129,490 |
| Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 8) | 426,025 | 360,030 |
| | 12,177,954 | 11,972,300 |
| Expenses (note 12): Charitable programs: | | |
| Books and resources | 1,553,651 | 1,622,952 |
| Care and counselling programs | 3,452,831 | 3,288,925 |
| Magazines and publications | 1,613,074 | 1,478,631 |
| Marriage and parenting events | 145,291 | 47,660 |
| Online ministry | 853,214 | 587,274 |
| Radio and television | 1,255,309 | 1,206,794 |
| | 8,873,370 | 8,232,236 |
| Fundraising | 1,723,417 | 1,468,002 |
| Supporting services | 1,246,709 | 1,051,966 |
| | 11,843,496 | 10,752,204 |
| Excess of revenue over expenses | \$ 334,458 | \$ 1,220,096 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended September 30, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

| | Unrestricted | Invested in capital assets | Internally restricted | 2023 Total | 2022 Total |
|---|--------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | - | | | | |
| Net assets, beginning of year | \$ 4,011,168 | \$ 5,374,724 | \$ 2,197,199 | \$ 11,583,091 | \$ 10,362,995 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses (note 9(b)) | 433,645 | (99,187) | - | 334,458 | 1,220,096 |
| Net changes in invested in capital assets (note 9(c)) | (2,291,449) | 2,291,449 | - | - | - |
| Interfund transfers (note 10) | (75,000) | - | 75,000 | - | - |
| Net assets, end of year | \$ 2,078,364 | \$ 7,566,986 | \$ 2,272,199 | \$ 11,917,549 | \$ 11,583,091 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended September 30, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Cash provided by (used in): | | |
| Operating: | | |
| Excess of revenue over expenses | \$ 334,458 | \$ 1,220,096 |
| Items not involving cash: | | |
| Amortization of capital assets | 525,212 | 447,445 |
| Amortization of deferred capital contributions | (426,025) | (360,030) |
| Unrealized loss (gain) on investments | (328,865) | 196,893 |
| Unrealized gain on life insurance | (473) | (472) |
| . | 104,307 | 1,503,932 |
| Changes in non-cash operating working capital: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (37,490) | 21,603 |
| Inventories | 35,026 | 6,377 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits | 21,736 | (23,212) |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (92,629) | 87,273 |
| Deferred revenue | 42,598 | (14,381) |
| Deferred contributions | (667,620) | (301,002) |
| | (594,072) | 1,280,590 |
| Financing: | | |
| Deferred capital contributions received | 621,834 | 35,000 |
| Proceeds from loan | 2,500,000 | - |
| Repayment of loan | (533,334) | - |
| | 2,588,500 | 35,000 |
| Less de s | | |
| Investing: | (5.044.500) | (07.400) |
| Purchase of capital assets Net sale (purchase) of investments | (5,044,598) | (27,492) |
| Disposal of capital assets | 3,483,321 | (1,382,952) |
| Disposal of capital assets | - | 2,000 |
| | (1,561,277) | (1,408,444) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash | 433,151 | (92,854) |
| Cash, beginning of year | 2,845,225 | 2,938,079 |
| Cash, end of year | \$ 3,278,376 | \$ 2,845,225 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended September 30, 2023

Purpose of organization:

Focus on the Family (Canada) Association (the "Association") is incorporated in British Columbia, Canada, under the Societies Act (British Columbia), as a non-profit religious and educational organization dedicated to the preservation of the family. The Association is a registered charitable organization under the Canadian Income Tax Act and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met.

On July 19, 2007, the Association was registered as an extra-provincial corporation in Alberta, Canada.

On May 28, 2013, the Association was registered as an extra-provincial corporation in Manitoba, Canada.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Revenue recognition:

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for donations. This method recognizes unrestricted donations as revenue when received and externally restricted donations as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on the same basis as the amortization period for the related capital assets. Pledges are not recognized as revenue until received. Contributions for land are recognized as a direct increase in net assets.

Sales, event registration, subscriptions and other revenue are recognized when the services are provided or when the goods are delivered.

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements, because of the difficulty of determining the fair value.

Gifts-in-kind are valued at their estimated fair value at their time of contribution when a fair value can be determined and the Association would otherwise have purchased the items.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Inventories:

Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes purchase, conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less the costs to sell.

Inventories consist of books, videos and other multimedia resources held for sale.

(c) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost, less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments that extend the estimated life or service potential of an asset are capitalized.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis as follows:

The Association reviews the carrying amount of capital assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset no longer contributes to the Association's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset is less than its carrying amount. If such conditions exist, an impairment loss is measured and recorded in the statement of operations at the amount by which the carrying amount of the capital asset exceeds its fair value or replacement cost.

(d) Cash surrender value of life insurance:

The cash surrender value of life insurance is the cash value of the policies less any surrender charges that would apply if the policies were surrendered.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Association has elected to carry investments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets carried at cost or amortized cost are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Association determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Association expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(f) Foreign exchange:

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated into Canadian dollars at year-end exchange rates. Transactions denominated in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the time of the transaction. Exchange gains and losses resulting from translation are included in the statement of operations.

(g) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year.

Estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed annually to reflect new information as it becomes available. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Allocation of expenses:

The Association engages in various programs. The costs of each program include the costs of personnel, premises and other expenses that are directly related to providing the program. The Association also incurs general and administrative expenses that are common to the administration of the organization and each of its programs.

The Association allocates certain of its general and administrative expenses to its programs based on the proportion of employee headcount.

2. Investments at fair value:

Investments consist of:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Equity and equity funds | \$ 3,307,086 | \$ 6,461,542 |

3. Capital assets:

| | | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| | Cost | Accumulated amortization | Net book value | Net book value |
| Land Building Computer software Furniture and equipment Vehicles Computer equipment | \$ 6,384,714 17,105,153 566,106 860,206 114,383 91,608 | \$ - 4,264,440 514,772 633,125 78,916 81,357 | \$ 6,384,714 12,840,713 51,334 227,081 35,467 10,251 | \$ 4,906,035 9,923,265 101,336 87,591 - 11,947 |
| | \$ 25,122,170 | \$ 5,572,610 | \$ 19,549,560 | \$ 15,030,174 |

Amortization charged to expenses for the year was \$525,212 (2022 - \$447,445).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

4. Life insurance policy:

The aggregate face value of the life insurance policy is \$50,000 (2022 - \$50,000) and will be recognized as revenue when received.

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances for sales and payroll-related taxes totalling \$26,391 (2022 - \$20,339).

6. Loan:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-----------------|---------|
| Royal Bank of Canada loan with quarterly payments of \$33,334 plus interest, bearing interest as described below | \$ 1,966,666 | \$ - |

Interest rates on the Royal Bank of Canada loan are negotiated throughout the year. Interest rates for fiscal 2023 ranged between 5.08% - 5.48%.

Interest paid on loans in the year of \$66,110 (2022 - nil) has been charged to expenses.

7. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions are donations received which are restricted by the donor for designated purposes and unspent at year-end.

| | 2023 20 |)22 |
|--|--|-----|
| Balance, beginning of year Contributions received Contributions recognized | \$ 2,239,706 \$ 2,540,7 1,505,792 1,153,4 (2,173,412) (1,454,4 | 59 |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 1,572,086 \$ 2,239,7 | 06 |

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

8. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of contributions received for the purchase of capital assets.

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---|---|
| Balance, beginning of year Contributions received Amortization of deferred capital contributions | \$ 9,820,099 621,834 (426,025) | \$ 10,145,129 35,000 (360,030) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ 10,015,908 | \$ 9,820,099 |

Included in deferred capital contributions are nil (2022 - \$164,649) of unspent funds.

9. Invested in capital assets:

(a) Net assets invested in capital assets are calculated as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Capital assets Amounts financed by: | \$ 19,549,560 | \$ 15,030,174 |
| Unamortized deferred capital contributions (note 8) Loan | (10,015,908) (1,966,666) | |
| Unspent capital contributions | (· , ,) - | 164,649 |
| | \$ 7,566,986 | \$ 5,374,724 |

(b) Deficiency of revenue over expenses relating to invested in capital assets:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 8) Amortization of capital assets (note 3) | \$ 426,025 \$ (525,212) | 360,030 (447,445) |
| | \$ (99,187) \$ | 6 (87,415) |

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

9. Invested in capital assets (continued):

(c) Net changes in invested in capital assets:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|--|--|
| Purchase of capital assets Amounts funded by deferred capital contributions Amount funded by debt financing Loan repayment Disposal of capital assets | \$ 5,044,598 (786,483) (2,500,000) 533,334 | \$ 27,492 (10,105) - (2,000) |
| Increase in invested in capital assets | \$ 2,291,449 | \$ 15,387 |

10. Internally restricted net assets:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Capital improvement Capacity building for 3 years Operations | \$ 500,000 1,772,199 - | \$ 400,000 1,772,199 25,000 |
| | \$ 2,272,199 | \$ 2,197,199 |

During the year, the Board has transferred \$75,000 (2022 - \$265,165) from unrestricted net assets to internally restricted net assets as follows: \$100,000 transferred from unrestricted to internally restricted for capital improvement and \$25,000 from internally restricted to unrestricted for operations. Funds to meet these requirements are included in cash.

11. Remuneration of employees:

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Association paid total remuneration of \$1,176,828 (2022 - \$895,020) to ten employees, each of whom received total annual remuneration of \$75,000 or greater. No amounts were paid to members of the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended September 30, 2023

12. Allocation of expenses:

Expenses are allocated by program and include direct expenses incurred by each program. In addition, indirect expenses including amortization, bank charges, property taxes, information technology, and repairs & maintenance are allocated to ministry activities as disclosed in the statement of operations as follows:

| | | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------|----|--------------|-------------|
| Books and resources | \$ | 286,186 \$ | 299.220 |
| Care and counselling programs | Ŷ | 607,353 | 592,616 |
| Magazines and publications | | 139,376 | 124,500 |
| Marriage and parenting events | | 34,191 | 14,654 |
| Online ministry | | 214,320 | 152,481 |
| Radio and television | | 16,599 | 12,099 |
| Fundraising | | 312,468 | 217,292 |
| Supporting services | | 320,141 | 262,836 |
| | | | |
| | \$ | 1,930,634 \$ | 5 1,675,698 |

13. Financial risk and concentration of risks:

(a) Currency risk:

The Association is exposed to currency risks as a result of exchange rate fluctuations and the volatility of these rates. In the normal course of business, the Association incurs expenses and holds cash in US dollars. At year-end, cash held in US dollars converted to Canadian currency is \$331,353 (2022 - \$249,429). The Association does not currently enter into forward contracts to mitigate this risk.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Association manages its liquidity risk by preparing budgets and monitoring its operating requirements to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

(c) Price risk:

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Association is exposed to price risk with respect to its investments. The risk associated with investments is managed through the Association's established investment policy.

There has been no change to the risk exposures outlined above from the prior year.